Lighthouse Global Holdings, Inc.

For the Three Months ended **March 31, 2019**

General Disclosure Information

1) Name of the Issuer and its predecessor

Lighthouse Global Holdings, Inc., formerly WMAC Holdings Corporation. (until 2/2018), Vuco Holdings Corporation (until 7/2013), Bona Coffee Holdings Corp (until 5/2011) and Espo's Surf & Sport, Inc. (until 8/2008)'

2) Address of the Issuer's principal executive offices

101 Convention Centre Drive
Suite 900
Las Vegas NV 89109

Website: www.LHGIincorp.com
Email: danny@LHGIncorp.com
Phone: 725 – 999-5888

3) Security Information

Trading Symbol: LHGI
Exact title and class of securities outstanding: Common
CUSIP: 92938B 10 9
Par or stated value: $0.001
Total shares authorized: 1,000,000,000 as of 3/31/19
Total shares outstanding: 541,634,907 as of 3/31/19

Transfer Agent

Action Stock Transfer
2469 E. Fort Union Blvd. Suite 214
Salt Lake City, UT 84121
Phone: 801 274-1088 Fax 801 274-1099

Is the Transfer Agent registered under the Exchange Act? Yes x No ___.

List any restrictions on the transfer of security: NONE

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC in the past 12 months: NONE

List any stock split, stock dividend recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months: NONE

Issuance History

During the quarter ended December 31, 2018, the Company obtained an increase in authorized shares to 1,000,000,000 common shares.

On December 11, 2018, the Company issued 130,000,000 shares of common stock for the purpose of purchasing the Projagg Platform software. See also: Related party transactions.

Financial Statements

Following this section on General Disclosure Information are the Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Statements of Operation and Statements of Cash Flows for the three ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the Notes to the Financial Statements for those periods.

Description of Issuer's Business, Products and Services

A. Business Operations: The Company is holding entity for technology and assets, currently relating to real estate and development, and asset management.

B. Date and State of Incorporation: Incorporated in New York, USA in 2006, transferred to Nevada effective March, 2018.

C. Primary and secondary SIC codes: 6719 Offices of Holding Companies, Not Elsewhere Classified

D. Fiscal Year End Date: December 31

E. Primary Products and their markets: During the current period the focus has been on management of assets, acquiring and the development of sharing economy platforms with distributed ledger technology for global project development.

Facilities

As of the date of this report, our principal corporate office is maintained at 101 Convention Centre Drive, Suite 900, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109.

4) Officers Directors, and Control Persons

A. Names of Officers Directors and Control Persons:

Danny Lim, Group CEO
Eduardo Apari, President
Jemelle Castro, EVP
Wilhelmina Baylon, Director, Corporate Affairs and Finance

B. Legal/Disciplinary History

1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses): NONE
2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activity: NONE

3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state security or commodity law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated: NONE
4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities: NONE

C. Beneficial Ownership of Shareholders: Beneficial Owners with 10% or more of ownership, either directly or indirectly, as of the date of March 31, 2019:

Danny Lim, Group CEO currently owns 140,266,000 shares of common stock, or 25.9% of current outstanding shares..

5) Issuer Certification

I, Danny Lim certify that:

1) I have reviewed the Disclosure statement of Lighthouse Global Holdings, Inc.;
2) Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Revised

June 7, 2019

/s/ Danny Lim, Group CEO

LIGHTHOUSE GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	March 31 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)
Current Assets		
Cash in Bank	$ 3,138	$ 1,322
Accounts Receivable	189,430	189,357
Total Current Assets	192,568	190,679
Fixed Assets		
Machinery & equipment	35,000	35,000
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,250)	-
Total Fixed Assets	33,750	35,000
Other Assets		
Investment - Projagg Platform	5,752,500	5,850,000
Total Other Assets	5,752,500	5,850,000
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 5,978,818	$ 6,075,679

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

		March 31 2019		December 31, 2018
		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	$	106,287	$	81,469
Advances from Shareholders		-		-
Total Current Liabilities		106,287		81,469
Long Term Liabilities				
Loan - GLC		16,743		10,173
Total Long Term Liabilities		16,743		10,173
TOTAL LIABILITIES		123,030		91,642
Stockholders' Equity				
Common Stock - 1,000,000,000 shares authorized; Par value of $.001 per share; 541,634,907 and 541,634,907 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively		541,635		541,635
Capital in excess of par value		1,022,853,348		1,022,853,348
Retained Earnings		(1,017,539,195)		(1,017,410,946)
Total Stockholders' Equity		5,855,788		5,984,037
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	$	5,978,818	$	6,075,679

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement

LIGHTHOUSE GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.
Statements of Operation
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018
Revenues		
Sales	$ 10,132	$ -
Total Revenues	10,132	-
Cost of Sales	-	-
Total Gross Profit	10,132	-
General & Administrative Expense	39,631	123,162
Net Gain (Loss) from Operations	(29,499)	(123,162)
Other Income (Expense)		
Gain (Loss) on Write-down of Assets	-	(61,284,075)
Depreciation expense	(98,750)	-
Total Other Income (Expense)	(98,750)	(61,284,075)
Net Profit (Loss)	$ (128,249)	$ (61,407,237)
Basic and Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share		
Continuing Operations	(0.00)	-
Net Income (Loss) Per Share	$ (0.00)	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

LIGHTHOUSE GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net Profit (Loss)	$ (128,249)	$ (61,407,237)
Write down not requiring Cash	-	61,284,075
Depreciation	98,750	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net used by operating activities		
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Accounts Receivable	(73)	-
Inventory	-	-
Other assets	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts Payable	24,818	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations	(4,754)	(123,162)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Capital Assets	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	-
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from the sale of stock/contributed cash	6,570	-
Advances (to) from shareholders	-	123,162
Investments made	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	6,570	123,162
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	1,816	-
Beginning Cash Balance	1,322	-
Ending Cash Balance	$ 3,138	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

LIGHTHOUSE GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements
March 31, 2019

Note1Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Lighthouse Global Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") was organized under the laws of the State of New York in 2006 as Espo's Surf & Sport, Inc. The Company has elected a fiscal year end of December 31st. The Company was originally organized for the purpose of retail and wholesale sales of beach and surfing related apparel, sporting goods, and accessories. Following that, the Company is involved in the mining of precious metals. Currently, the company has been reorganized as a holding entity for the purpose of managing assets using the cloud platform, acquiring new technology, and developing them into a high growth companies, with global scalability. In May, 2018, the Company changed its state of incorporation to Nevada.

On January 31, 2014, Golden Mark contributed and transferred to the Company, a gold, silver, copper, zinc, nickel and iron mining area covering a total of 3,000 hectares. The mining area was appraised at a value of US $400MM per 1,000 hectares and a book value of 79% of that appraisal. The appraised value involves a mining right to operate for fifty (50) years, as mandated by the mining laws of the Philippines. Due to governmental changes in regulations, these mining operations were shut down and in March of 2018, all assets were written off.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company began management of property assets, mining of bitcoins, and revamping Projagg to be a platform suitable for scalability, exponential growth and anti-fraud funding and financial system for the real estate and infrastructure development, incorporating HyperLedger technology.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules of the Security and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report filed (for the annual period ended December 31, 2014). In the opinion of management all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations and cash flows presented have been reflected herein.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's December 31, 2014 audited financial statements.

Income Taxes

The Company applies the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*. Topic 740 requires an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes, and the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities at enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when such amounts are realized or settled. Due to a loss from inception, the Company has no tax liability. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are reflected at currently enacted income tax rates applicable to the period in which the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be realized or settled. As changes in tax laws or rates are enacted, deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted through the provision for income taxes.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basic Loss per Common Share

The Company computes basic loss per common share in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 260-10, *Earnings Per Share*. Net loss is divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using weighted average number of common shares plus dilutive common shares equivalents outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Because the Company incurred losses or no income for the periods ended at and prior to March 31, 2018, the effect of any equivalent shares for each period would be excluded from the loss per share computation since the impact would be antidilutive. There were no common stock equivalents outstanding as December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues of the Company are recognized as earned in accordance with the nature of the income as it occurs. Anticipated revenues in future periods is expected from sales at the coffee company, operating income from commercial properties invested into, and gains from the sale of properties that may be purchased. Revenues will not be recognized until such time as the service has been completed or escrows have closed.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the related assets. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses as incurred. Machinery and Equipment is depreciated over a 7 year life. The nature of the platform suggests a longer term life then mere software, therefore the investment in the Projagg Platform will be amortized over 15 years.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

Long-lived tangible assets, including property, plant and equipment, and finite-lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the book value of the asset or asset groups may not be recoverable. The Company evaluates, regularly, whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate possible impairment and relies on a number of factors, including operating results, business plans, economic projections, and anticipated future cash flows. The Company uses an estimate of the future undiscounted net cash flows of the related asset or asset group over the remaining life in measuring whether the assets are recoverable. Measurement of the amount of impairment, if any, is based upon the difference between the asset's carrying value and estimated fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Note 2 Going Concern

The Company has limited operating capital with limited revenue from operations. Realization of a major portion of the assets is dependent upon the Company's ability to meet its future financing requirements, and the success of future operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustment that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 3 **Business Ventures**

In January, 2014, Golden Mark contributed to WMAC a gold, silver, zinc, nickel and iron mining area covering a total of 3,000 hectares. The prevailing market price of a gold mining area with proven reserves, commands a premium price of US $ 450M per 1,000 hectares. The WMAC mining area however, was appraised at US $400M/1,000 hectares and placed its book value at 79% of the appraised value based on estimated remaining reserves. The appraised value involves a mining right to operate the entire 3,000 hectares area for fifty (50) years, as mandated by the mining laws of the Philippines. Official Assay Reports from the Philippine Government Mines & Geosciences Burau (MGB) show a huge recovery of gold and silver per metric ton from various samples of rock minerals from the existing mining tunnels.

During 2014, mining activities and related sales did well. However, by the onset of 2015, funds were not available to meet market demands and all operations were shut down. The suspension continued through 2018. As of March 31, 2018, the Company has abandoned all efforts to retain the property and equipment and have written off the remaining investment in those operations.

Beginning in April, 2018, the Company began with management of some assets that will be providing some cash flow for the operation while it is acquiring advanced sharing economy platform with distributed ledger technology for the real estate project development industry. In November, 2018, the Company completed its acquisition of the Projagg platform which will allow the Company to begin obtaining revenues through real estate development projects. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Projagg Platform has undergone a huge transformation, from a developer's platform to cater to developers on a global scale, and likely the first ever 2 Tier HyperLedger Technology that will eliminate misuse, abuse and misappropriation of funds locked in for a Project

Note 4 **Common Stock**

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company increased its authorization of common shares to 1,000,000,000 shares.

On December 11, 2018, the Company issued 130,000,000 shares of common stock for the purpose of purchasing the Projagg Platform software. See also: Related party transactions.

Note 5 **Related Party Transactions**

In November, 2018, the Company completed the purchase of the Projagg Platform for $5,850,000, paying for the purchase with 130,000,000 shares of common stock, divided among four recipients. The Company CEO received 78,000,000 shares and the Company's EVP received 13,000,000 shares as co-developers of the platform. Of the remaining two recipients, one is an owner of the seller's company and is the brother of the Company's CEO. The transaction was examined for reasonableness and determined that the share price of $0.045 per share exceeded the market price at the time of the completion of the agreement. It is expected that the platform will generate $10 - 15 MM over the next 3 to 5 years, thus justifying the cost of the purchase.

Note 6 **Subsequent Events**

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 855, Subsequent Events, the Company evaluates events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date for potential recognition in the financial statements. The effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements as of March 31, 2019. In preparing these financial statements, the Company evaluated the events and transactions that occurred through the date these financial statements were issued.

As of the date of this report the Company identified no events subsequent to the financial statement date that needed disclosure in these statements.

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Forward looking information

Information included in this report includes forward looking statements, which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as may, will, expect, anticipate, believe, estimate, or continue, or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. The disclaimers in this report constitute cautionary statements identifying important factors, including risks and uncertainties, relating to the forward-looking statements that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements.

Our future operating results are subject to many factors, including:

- Our ability to identify and acquire profitable business entities
- Our ability to raise financial means for acquiring and operating business entities
- The general business climate of the U.S., particularly in the Honolulu and New Orleans areas
- Other risks currently unknown but which could arise in the future.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "should," "could," "predict," "potential," "continue," "expect," "anticipate," "future," "intend," "plan," "believe," "estimate" and similar expressions (or the negative of such expressions). Any or all of our forward looking statements in this report and in any other public statements we make may turn out to be wrong. They can be affected by inaccurate assumptions we might make or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Consequently, no forward looking statement can be guaranteed. In addition, we undertake no responsibility to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances which occur after the date of this report.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including those related to provisions for uncollectible accounts receivable, inventories, valuation of intangible assets and contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The accounting policies that we follow conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off balance sheet arrangements.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) number 104, *Revenue Recognition*. SAB 104 clarifies application of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles to revenue transactions.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company generated revenues of $ 10,132 from development of an ecosystem for resorts and spas, bitcoin mining and managing of assets. Prior to April 1, 2018, there were no results of operations due the suspension of activities by former management.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has funded operations in past years from proceeds generated from sales or the sale of common stock and donated capital from investors.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide information required by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

The Company's principal executive officer and its principal financial officer, carried out an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d -14 (c) as of December 31, 2018. As a result of this evaluation, they concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective. Specifically, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to enable us to accurately record, process, summarize and report certain information required to be include in the Company's periodic SEC filings within the required time periods, and to accumulate and communicate to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Due to the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

Changes in internal controls.

There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the Company's internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Lighthouse Global Holdings, Inc.

Reissued:
Date: June 7, 2019

By:/s/ Danny Lim
Danny Lim, Group CEO